

Skokie Health and Human Services Department Environment Division

5127 Oakton Street, Skokie, IL 60077 Phone: 847-933-8484 Fax: 847-673-8606

# **Application for Cottage Food Operations Registration**

Submit completed application and all supporting documents to: Environmental Health Supervisor, Skokie Health and Human Services Department 5127 Oakton Street, Skokie, IL 60077 or email to penny.staffney@skokie.org.

# **Section 1: General Information**

	Business Contact Information
Owner/Operator Name:	Name of Cottage Food Operation:
Home Address:	Cottage Food Operation Address:
Home City:	
State: ZIP:	City:
County:	
Home Phone:	
Personal Email:	Business Phone:
	Business Email:
	Rusiness Wehsite:
Fred Control Broken (1981)	
	mber:Exp. Date:eFood Registration number
, ,,	ety of food and drink in their home kitchen.
A cottage food operation may produce a wide varied.  Check off all products you intend to produce.  Low-risk shelf stable products  Jams, jellies, preserves, syrups Fruit butters, fruit pies, fruit pastries, empanadas Bread, tortillas, cookies, scones, or other baked Dehydrated or dried fruits, vegetables, and spice Roasted and/or ground coffee or nuts Candies and caramels	

### **Section 3: Sales Avenues**

Food and drink produced by a cottage food operation shall be sold directly to consumers for their own consumption and not for resale. Sales to retail stores, such as restaurants, grocery stores, or bakeries; to third party distributors for resale; or to third party distributors that deliver products on your behalf are

prohibited. Sales of cottage foods are limited to within the state of Illinois. A cottage food operation may sell products outside of the municipality or county where the cottage food operation is located. A copy of your certificate of registration must be available upon request by IDPH and any local health department.

Indicate how you will sell your products. Check all that apply.			
☐ Pick-up from my home or farm (Note:	☐ Online sales		
cottage food businesses selling from their home may be			
prohibited from some sales activities at home by local	☐ Delivery directly to customer		
laws that apply to all cottage food operations. Check			
with your unit of local government about requirements	☐ Farmers market/fairs/festivals/pop up stand/public		
on parking, signage, customer counts, etc.).	event		
☐ On-farm store	☐ Shipping (Each cottage food product that is shipped must be sealed in a manner that reveals tampering,		
☐ Delivery to or pick-up from a third-party private	including, but not limited to, a sticker or pop top. Cottage		
property with consent of the property holder (i.e.,	foods may not be shipped across state lines.)		
dropoff/pick-up location/pop-up stand).	☐ Other:		
Section 4: Signage			
At the point of sale, notice must be provided in a prominent location that states the following: "This product was produced in a home kitchen not inspected by a health department that may also process common food allergens. If you have safety concerns, contact your local health department." At a physical display, notice shall be a placard. Online, notice shall be a message on the cottage food operation's online sales interface at the point of sale.			
Indicate the ways in which you will notify customers at point of sale:			
☐ Prominent placard at my booth/stall (8in x 10in minimum)			
☐ Signage placed prominently at the pick-up location at my home/farm (8in x 10in minimum).			
☐ Signage placed prominently at the pick-up location at my			

### **Section 5: Labeling**

☐ Other:

All cottage food products must be pre-packaged in the home kitchen. The food packaging must conform to the labeling requirements of the Illinois Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, and must contain the following phrase in prominent lettering: "This product was produced in a home kitchen not inspected by a health department that may also process common food allergens. If you have safety concerns, contact your local health department."

### **Special Labeling Opportunity for Local Ingredients**

Are you using any ingredients grown or raised on an Illinois farm and purchased directly from the farmer? If so, you are entitled and encouraged to use the following terminology on your label: Illinois Grown, Illinois-Sourced, Illinois Farm Product

### Request for a labeling exemption

Cottage food operators may request an exemption from product packaging for foods that are not easily packaged (i.e., wedding cakes), for foods that are more suited to bulk containers or display cases (i.e., donuts or scones), or for other reasons. If the exemption is granted, the cottage food producer must include all labeling requirements on a receipt or similar document that is delivered to that consumer with the product, and the cottage food warning sign must still be present at point of sale. The local health department has the authority to accept or deny the exemption request.			
□Request for product packaging exemption			
List the products for which you are	requesting an exemption and provide a ra	ationale:	
Section 6: Employees			
	cate. The CFPM is not required for emplo	package food must have their Certified Food byees that handle sales, marketing,	
List the persons that prepare or	package food:		
Name:	CFPM number:	Exp. Date:	
	CFPM number:		
Name:	CFPM number:	Exp. Date:	
Section 7: Checklist of Required	Information		
☐ A copy of a valid Food Service F			
☐ A product label for <b>each product</b> labeling regulations.	ct category selected in Section 2, demo	onstrating that you are complying correctly with	
$\Box$ If on a private water supply, a co	opy of water test results showing satisfact	tory E. coli/coliform bacteria results.	
☐ If producing acidified or ferment	ed foods (pickles, kraut, kimchi, etc.), one	e of the following:	
A. A completed food safety pl	an and representative pH Test for each p	roduct with a different food safety process.	
		nd hot sauces. Each of these four products safety plan and pH test for all four products.	
jalapenos, one with more s pickling process is the sam	e for all five recipes. Janae must submit	erent variations (one with dill, one with er). Although the recipes vary slightly, the just one food safety plan and a pH test for at est and food safety plan are not required for all	

Preservation or the cooperative extensionoffice of any state.

B. An approved recipe from the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) National Center for Home Food

- ☐ If producing canned tomatoes or canned tomato products (i.e., salsa, pasta sauce, etc.), one of the following:
  - A. pH test for each canned tomato recipe
  - B. An approved canning recipe from the USDA National Center for Home Food Preservation or the cooperative extension office of any state.

# 

Date:

□ Accepted □ Denied By: \_\_\_\_\_

# **COTTAGE FOOD OPERATION**

# HOME SELF-CERTIFICATION CHECKLIST

The following requirements are outlined in the Cottage Food Operation (CFO) guidance and regulations and are provided as minimum standards of health and safety for the preparation of approved cottage foods in the home.

Certify that the following statements are true and accurate:

# **Facility Requirements**

1.	The CFO shall be located in a private dwelling where the CFO operator currently resides or a farm property.
	Yes
2.	CFO food preparation will take place in the private kitchen within that home or another appropriately designed and equipped kitchen on a farm property under the control of the cottage food producer.
	Yes
3.	Sleeping quarters are excluded from areas used for CFO food preparation or storage.
	Yes
4.	The kitchen sink is not used for handwashing after toilet use; therefore, there must also be a sink in the toilet room.
	Yes
Equip	ment Sanitation Requirements
5.	Kitchen equipment and utensils used to produce cottage food products are clean and maintained in a good state of repair before use and during storage.
	Yes

6.	All food contact surfaces, equipment, and utensils used for the preparation, packaging, or handling of any cottage food products are washed, rinsed, and sanitized beforeeach use.
	Yes
7.	All food preparation and food and equipment storage areas are maintained free of rodents and insects.
	Yes
8.	Chemicals, including pesticides, are used according to the label instructions, and stored in a manner to prevent contamination of food contact surfaces, ingredients and finished products, single use articles, and packaging materials.
	Yes
Food F	Preparation Requirements (includes packaging and handling)
9.	Proper handwashing is carried out often—after touching bare body parts, such as the face or hair; after using the toilet; after touching animals; after coughing or sneezing, after eating, drinking, or using tobacco; after handling soiled equipment; when changing tasks; before donning gloves; and any other activity that could contaminate the hands.  Yes
10.	Employees involved with the preparation and packaging of cottage food products will clean their hands and exposed portions of their arms before starting food processing and after any activity that renders the hands unsanitary.
	Yes
11.	Liquid soap, paper towels, and water warm to the touch are used for handwashing and are available at the handwashing sink at all times.
	Yes
12.	Potable water is used for hand washing, ware-washing, and as an
	ingredient.Yes
13.	All persons involved in the preparation, packaging, or handling of food will not have bare hand contact with ready-to-eat foods through the use of single-service gloves, bakery papers, tongs, or other utensils.
	Yes

	ng the preparation, packaging or handling of cottage food products, the following are libited where cottage food activities are taking place:
	Pets are not allowed.
	Yes
	Smoking, vaping, and tobacco use are not allowed.
	Yes
	Eating/drinking/chewing gum are not allowed
	Yes
cloth	make every effort to separate domestic activities, such as family meal preparation, es washing, or ironing, or guest entertainment, from cottage food operations, such reparation, packaging, or handling of cottage food products.
Yes	
16. Uten	sils used for tasting are not used more than once before being washed.
Yes[	
jaund	person with a contagious illness, diarrhea, temperature with sore throat, vomiting, dice, or a lesion containing pus on hands or wrists shall refrain from working in the ge food operation.
	on wrists or hands are covered with a bandage and a disposable glove ng food preparation and packaging.
Yes[	
	is restrained during food preparation and packaging; tied back or up; ered with a hat, hairnet, or scarf, and clothes are free from soil and debris.
Yes	
Transporta	ation
are t	n transporting your cottage foods, the vehicle is clean, and your food products ransported in containers that keep dirt, dust, bugs, or other contaminants away the food products.
Yes	

21. When selling your cottage foods at a market or public event, your booth is clean and clutter-free, and your pre-packaged food products are protected from contamination.
Yes
Chilled and Frozen Foods
22. Do you prepare any foods or use any ingredients that require refrigeration or freezing?
Yes No
f you answered yes, answer the following three questions:
23. Chilled foods are stored in a refrigerator in the home kitchen at 41 degrees F or below and are checked frequently to ensure maintenance of this temperature.
Yes
24. Frozen foods are stored in a freezer capable of maintaining a freezing point at 32 degrees F.
Yes
25. During purchase, transport, and sale, chilled foods and ingredients are kept at 41 degrees F or below, and frozen foods are kept solidly frozen at 32 degrees F or below via mechanical refrigeration, a cooler with ice, or other non-mechanical refrigeration. A thermometer is used and checked periodically after transport and during sales to ensure that the temperature is being maintained.
Yes
Signature
Yes I certify that the above information is true and accurate.
Signature:Date:

# Food Safety Plan for Acidified and Fermented Foods

Before getting started, review the following information.

### When is a food safety plan required?

A food safety plan is required if you are making acidified or fermented foods and are not following a recipe approved by the <u>U. S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) National Center for Home Food Preservation</u> or any state cooperative extension office. A food safety plan is not required for canned tomatoes or canned tomato products because the producer must follow exactly an approved recipe from the USDA National Center for Home Food Preservation or any cooperative extension office OR provide a lab-certified pH test for the recipe and any variations on the recipe.

#### How many food safety plans do I need?

A completed food safety plan is required for each acidified or fermented product that undergoes a different production process. The food safety plan is focused on "processes" and not individual recipes. It is not required for every variation of a recipe. For example, if you make sweet pickles and sour pickles using the same pickling process, only one food safety plan is needed. If you make kimchi and pickles, two food safety plans are needed.

### Is a pH test from a laboratory required as part of my food safety plan?

Yes. You must submit lab-tested pH results with your food safety plan as evidence that your plan is safe. Your food safety plan may cover several recipe variations; however, you are only required to submit your pH test lab results for one recipe.

### How often must I complete a food safety plan?

The food safety plan must be re-submitted every three years to your local health department with your cottage food registration. In addition, your local health department should be notified of any updates to your plan within that three-year span. The addition of any new products also requires the submission of a new food safety plan. For example, if you have registered your cottage food operation to make kimchi but want to add sauerkraut to your product line half way through the year, you must notify your local health department and complete a food safety plan for the sauerkraut.

### What are critical control points?

A step at which control can be applied and is essential to prevent or to eliminate a food safety hazard or to reduce it to an acceptable level.

#### What are critical limits?

Critical limits are the acceptable levels in which your critical control points must function. Critical limits must be measurable. For example, the critical limit for the final pH of your product is 4.6 or below.

When critical limits are not met, your final product is at risk. A plan must be in place for corrective action. For example, what will you do when the refrigerated product is held at a temperature above 41 degrees F? What if the final product tests above 4.6 pH?<sup>†</sup>

### Do I need to train friends, family, and employees that help me prepare my products?

Yes. Anyone who prepares and packages food on your behalf must be trained to follow the food safety plan you outline below.

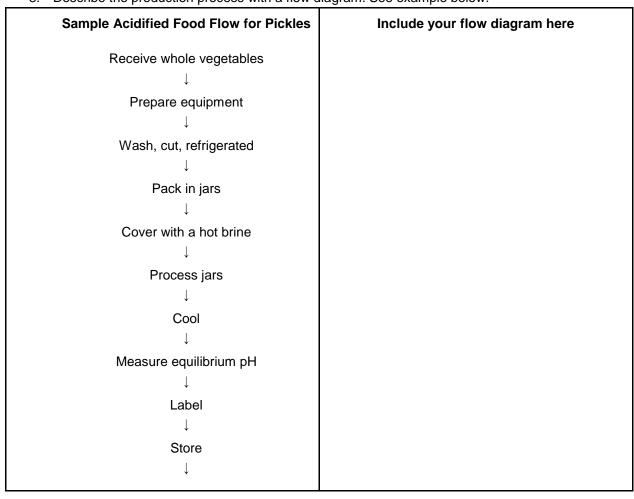
# **COTTAGE FOOD SAFETY PLAN**

Complete the questions below to create your food safety plan. This plan is to be focused on processes and not individual recipes. Complete a food safety plan for each acidified and fermented food with a different production process.

1.	Your Name
2.	Your Cottage Food Business Name
3.	What category of products will this food safety plan be for? A separate food safety plan is needed for each category of product with a different process.
4.	Include a list of all ingredients in your recipe and possible variations (quantities, measurements, and varieties are not required). Indicate if ingredients are fresh or otherwise processed (e.g., dried, pickled, etc.).  a. If using a processed food product as an ingredient (e.g., jam, pickled peppers, etc.), only include the name of the product and not the individual ingredients that make up that product.
5.	Do you intend the product to be shelf stable, or to be refrigerated or frozen?
	☐ Shelf stable ☐ Refrigerated ☐ Frozen
6.	Select the equipment to be used in the production process.
	Monitoring Devices  Thermometer  Digital pH meter  pH strips
	A delition of

Utensils	
Large metal pots	
Canner	
Metal spoons	
Funnel	
Strainer	
Measuring devices	
☐ Knife	
Non-wooden cutting board	
Mandolin	
☐ Vegetable peeler	
Blender	
Additional:	
7. Describe the process for cleaning cooking equipment.	

8. Describe the production process with a flow diagram. See example below.



Sell product		
Describe how and where your products will be stored.		
10. Describe how your products will be transported (if applicable).		
HAZARD ANALYSIS		
Complete the attached chart. A sample detailed chart is attached.		
VERIFIC	CATION	
☐ I agree to follow the food safety plan described ab advance via written notice of any significant changes accuracy or effectiveness of the plan, and to update r	in the process or ingredients that may affect the	
☐ I have included a copy of pH test lab results for at least one recipe that follows the production plan outlined above.		
☐ I certify that I will train persons that are making for	od to follow the food safety plan described above.	
Signature:	Date:	